Images that Shape our Minds: Metaphors in Public Leadership

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Overview

1. Introduction 2. Metaphors: definition **3.** Types of metaphors (Lakoff and Johnson) Types of metaphors (Bečka) **5.** Metaphors in public leadership in general 6. Metaphors in Czech public leadership (community level)

Introduction

- Traditionally: rhetorical and poetic device (Aristotle)
- Metaphors We Live By (George Lakoff and Mark Johnson, 1980) – "metaphor is pervasive in everyday life" (1980:3)
 Language – influences the way we think (concepts - metaphorical)

Metaphor: definition

- Trope (figure of speech: rhetorical and poetic devices)
- Transfer of meaning based on similarity
 the place was a beehive of activity, ladder of success, glass ceiling
 x simile "like" cool as a cucumber
 x metonymy resemblance (of shape crown, drink a glass of water)

Metaphor: definition, description

Lakoff, Johnson: "Human thought processes are largely metaphorical" + influence of culture Metaphorical concepts: x dance Argument is war - He won the argument. - His argument was indefensible. - He attacked every weak point in my argument

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Types of Metaphor (Lakoff, Johnson, 1980, 2003)

Conceptual metaphors (primary m.)
 Argument is war, Time is money
 – everyday life, science (black hole), politics

Types of Metaphor (Lakoff, Johnson, 1980, 2003)

 Orientational (High status is up; low status is down) He's climbing the ladder. She fell in status. Ontological (The Mind is a machine) My mind does not operate clearly Personification: Life has cheated me Structural (*Theories are buildings*) T. is shaky.

Types of Metaphors (Traditional Czech Linguistics – Bečka, 1971)

Structure: m. of substance (diamonds of the night), of activity (river 's song), of quality (heart of stone), of determination (his undertaker 's work), extended metaphores of larger units

- Poetic m., literary m., publicity and journalism m., popular m., phraseologisms
- Jiřina Stachová metaphors in science 1970

Metaphors in Public Leadership

J. F. Kennedy, W. Churchill, M. L. King
Metaphores can hide aspects of reality *Labor is a resource* (economy, politics) labor = natural resource, commodity x meaningful, dehumanizing
neutral-sounding statement hides the reality of human degradation

Metaphors in Public Leadership (Czech Local Government)

give the green light to the project
iron curtain
pick up the idea (take up - chopit se)
she said the basic skeleton (structure)
Olomouc - sleeping the sleep of the Sleeping Beauty

Conclusion

Metaphores are important for our thinking, for our cultural indentity
Important to think about what they hide in the public debate

Thank you!

