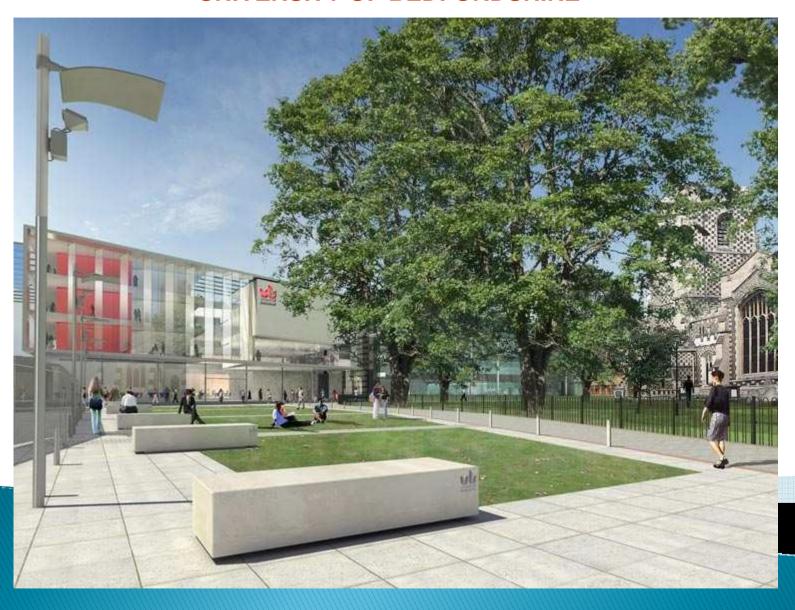




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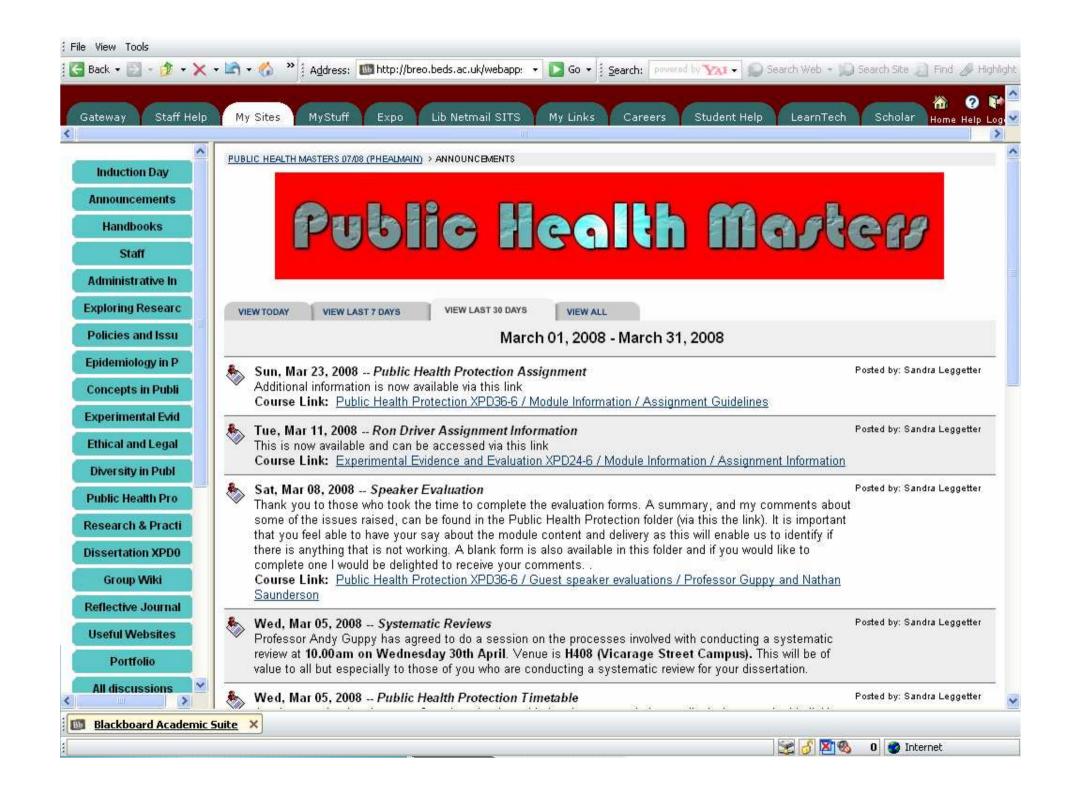


Developing a distance learning programme for the Public Health Masters at the University of Bedfordshire

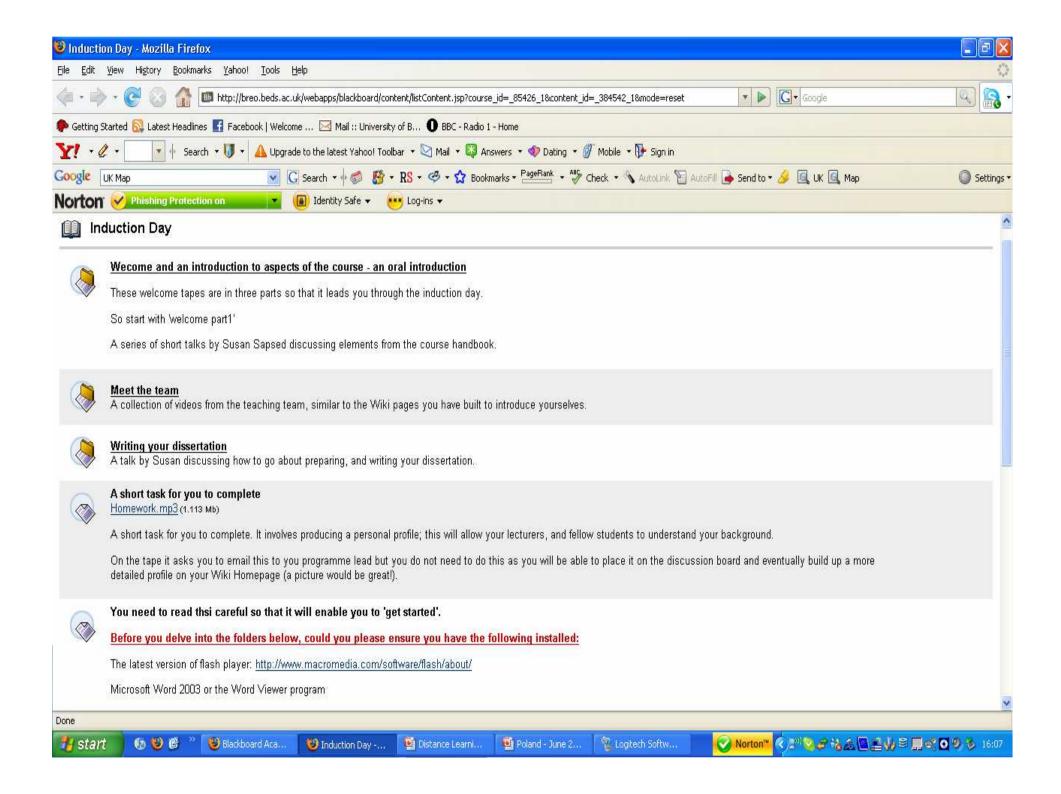
Susan Sapsed – Senior Teaching Fellow Sandra Leggetter – Senior Lecturer David Pike - Staff Development Officer E-Technologies June 2008

- Create the blackboard site
- Induction Day
- Using Course Genie
- **SKYPE**
- Online examination
- Discussions, Blogging and Wiki's
- Now What?

Create the blackboard site

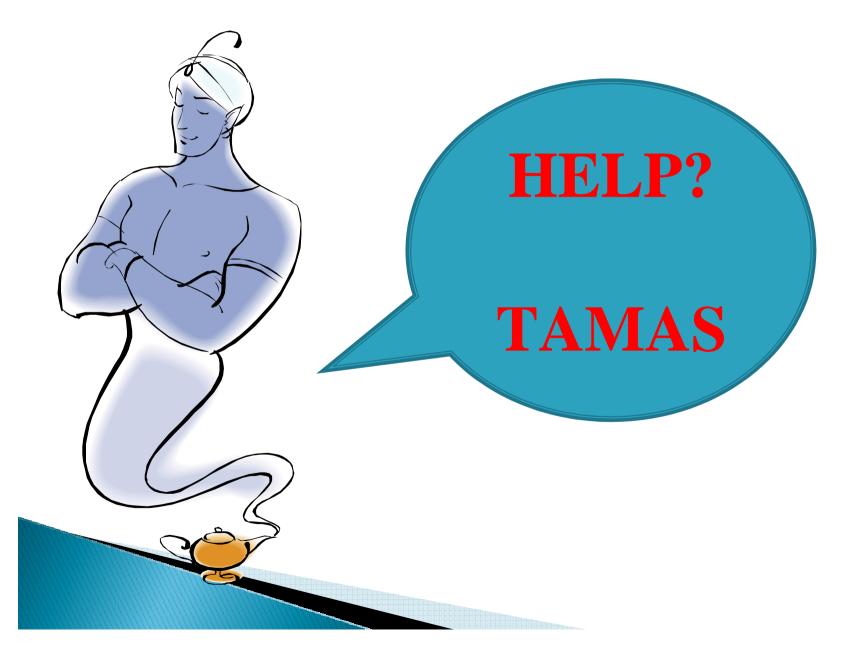


Induction Day



Using Course Genie

Course Genie -WHAT?





Title Exploring Research Methodologies

Description Day 2

Keywords

Objectives

Author M Susan Sapsed

Organisation University Bedfordshire

Version

Date 121007

Copyright No Copyright metadata

Day 2

Surveys

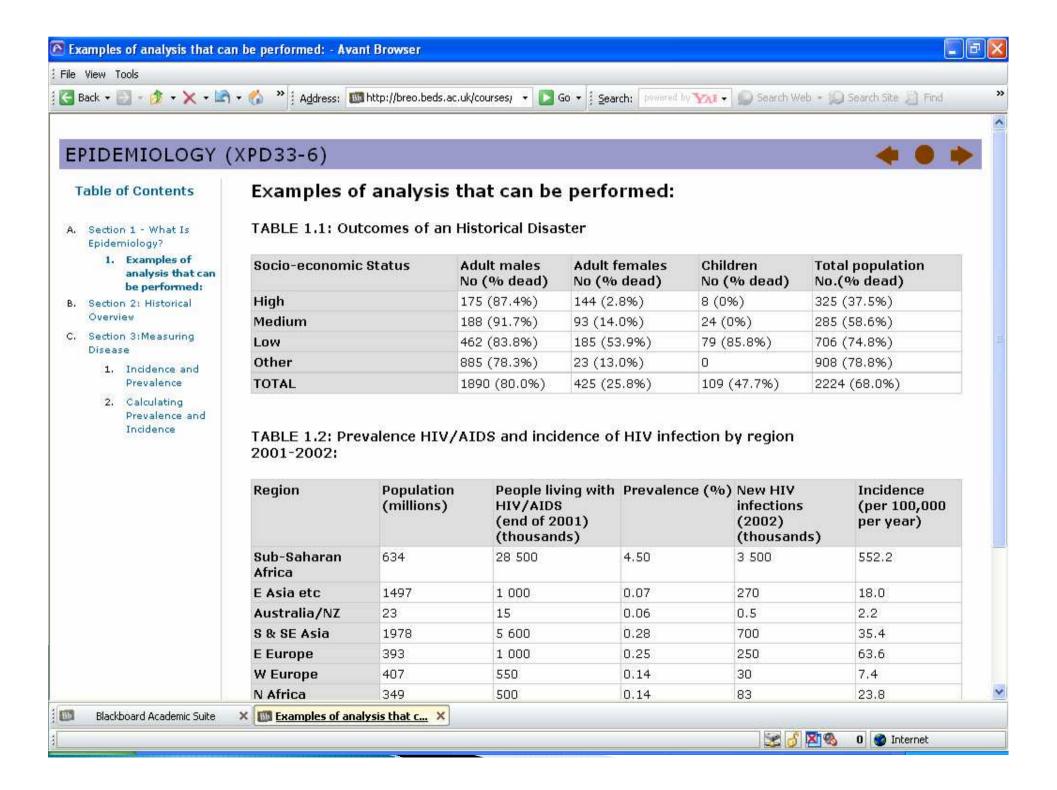
Learning Outcomes

To reflect on how you would go about constructing a Research Question

To understand the complexity of using a Survey as a research method.

To consider all the implications of using interviewing as a tool.

To explore how the design of a questionnaire is essential to a successful research.



Policy and Issues in Public Health - XPD05-6









- A. Day 1 Introduction
- B. What is Public Health?
 - 1. ACTIVITY 1
- C. Defining Public Health
 - ACTIVITY 2-Your definition of public health
 - 2. ACTIVITY 3-Public Health Strategies
 - 3. Further Reading
- The Emergence of Public Health and the Centrality of Values
 - Why study Public Health?

What is Public Health?

Dr. Tom Porter, Specialist Registrar in Public Health Oxford Deanery (2007) states that public health relates to the health of the population- rather than the individual.

This more holistic approach involves

Tracking illness frequency within a population [including infectious disease outbreaks]; preventing illness and promoting good health

Reducing Health Inequalities - much illness is a direct, or indirect, result of socioeconomic background.

Ensuring that assessments are made for the good of the population rather than purely the individual.

In health services, where resources are limited (as in most countries with a publicly-funded service), public health also plays a part in health service structure and allocating resources. Many different Governmental and non-Governmental agencies are involved in practising public health including the National Health Service (NHS), local councils and education authorities, the prison service, pharmacies, private businesses, and charities. The subject crosses so many different fields, resulting in public health being practised by a large number of different professionals from a wide variety of backgrounds. For example, in the UK these include people working within public health, nursing, medical and dental fields.



SKYPE

Skype[™]

- Easy to download
- Easy to use
- No cost
- ▶ Times need arranging with students

Online examination

Why?

- Assignment did not meet the Faculty of Public Health requirements for testing Epidemiology Concepts
- Reason need to know they could demonstrate understanding of Epidemiology Concepts
- Did not need to know they could complete it in 20 minutes or 2 hours

- ▶ 3 Elements
 - Understand date
 - Calculate Data
 - Data Collection method
- On line mock Examination
- Answers self checking
- Completion over 4 days
- ▶ 98% Pass rate

- Discussions, blogs and Wikis
- Introduction ones successful
- Unit ones should have been scaffolded
- Reflections need more Tutor Time

Where now?

- ▶ Live Classroom using Wimba Voice™
 - Seminars
 - Tutorials
 - Pod Casting
 - Directive contact