Evolutionary EconomicsTowards the New World of Digital and Localized Economies

Milan Zeleny

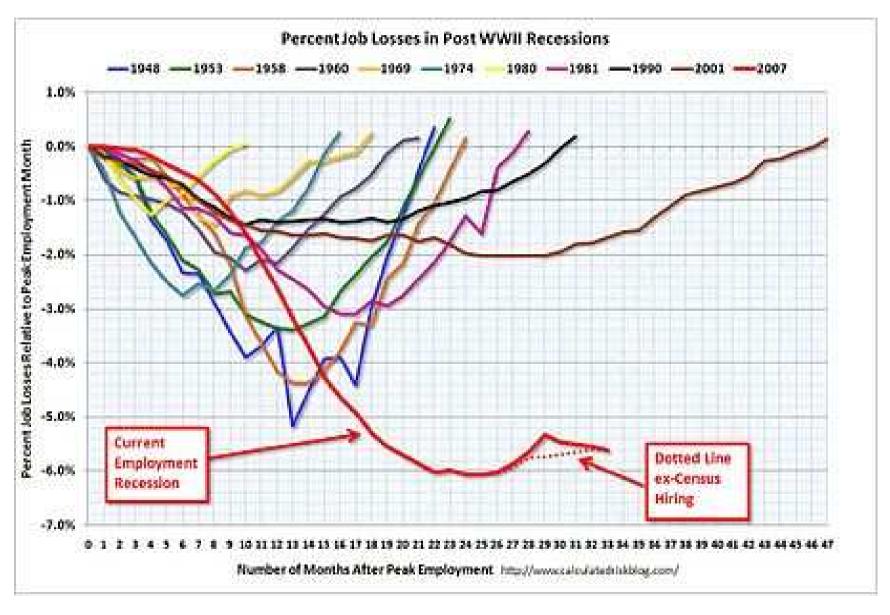
Fordham University

The Tomas Bata University

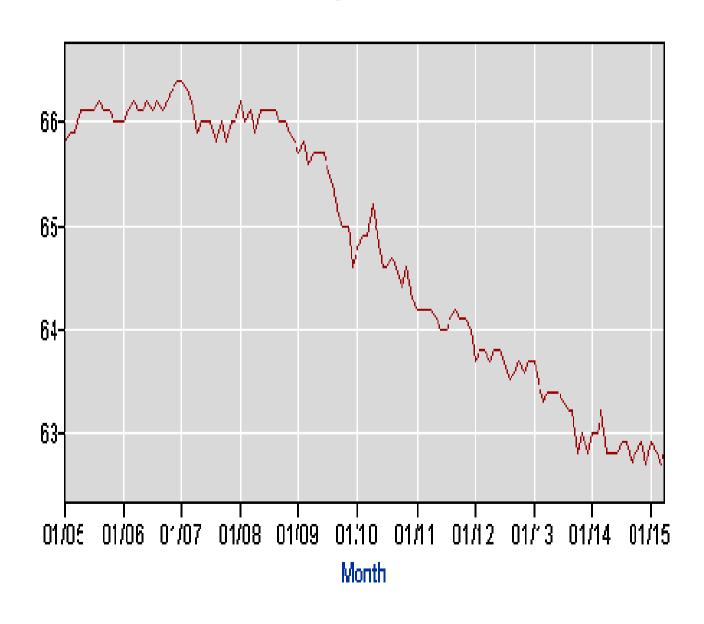
These truly are remarkable times

- → US GDP shrank 0.7 % in the first quarter of 2015
- → US business investment fell 2.8 %
- → Exports of goods and services decreased 7.6 %
- → Weak US trade knocked -1.9 % off the overall growth GDP
- → The rouble is one of the world's best performing currencies this year with +20 % gain against the US dollar
- → Index of consumer sentiment fell to 90.7 from 95.9 in April.
- → 5.4% unemployment rate, 7-year low. 93 million Americans not working. US labor force participation lowest since 1977.
- → Excluding the inventory, Japan GDP grew a meager +0.7 %
- → German economy grew by only +0.3% in Q1 2015
- → German PMI Manufacturing down to 51.1

Pattern of recessions



Workforce Participation since 2005



Workforce Participation since 1950

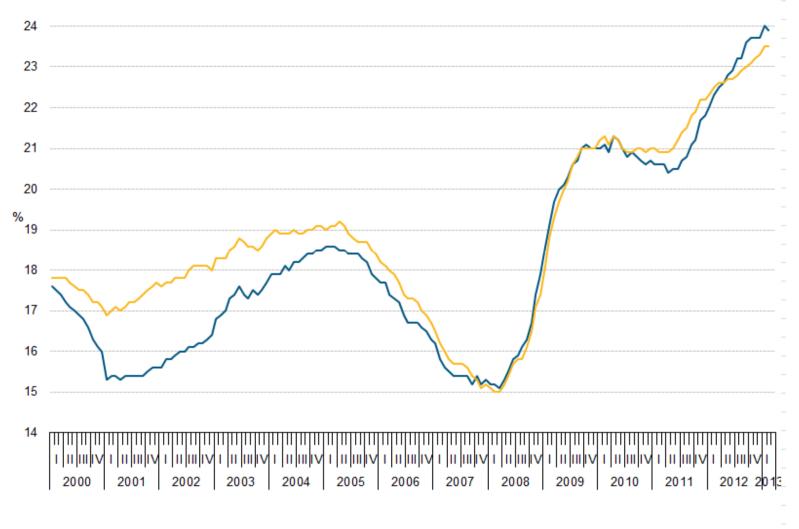
(USA 62.7% - as in 1977)



Not in Workforce (over 93 mil.)



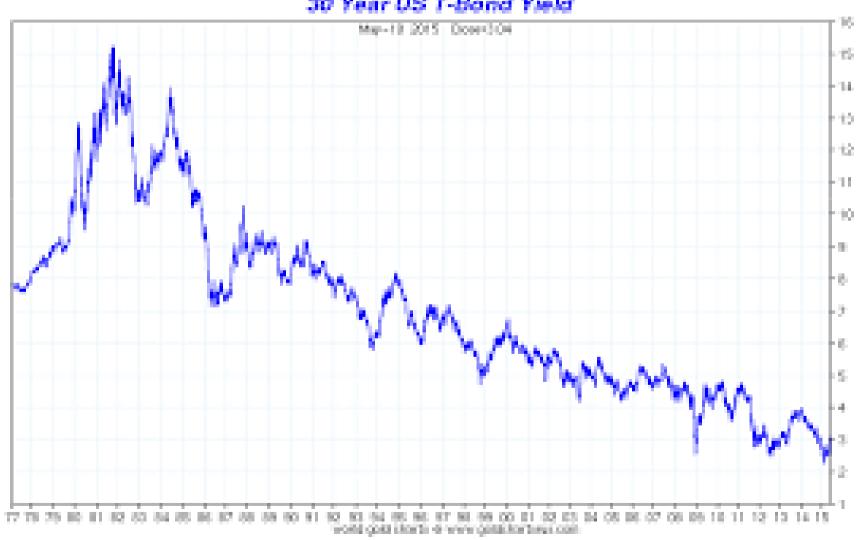
EU youth unemployment 2013



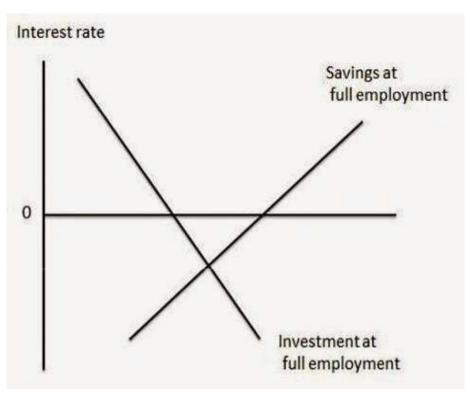
30 Year US T-Bond Yield

(1977-2015)

30 Year US T-Bond Yield



Secular stagnation (SS)



Chronic excess of savings over investments

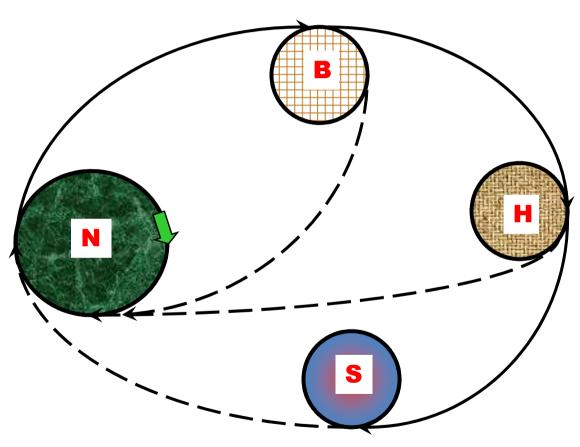
Cause and consequence?

Without a cause, there is no diagnosis; without diagnosis, there can be no cure.

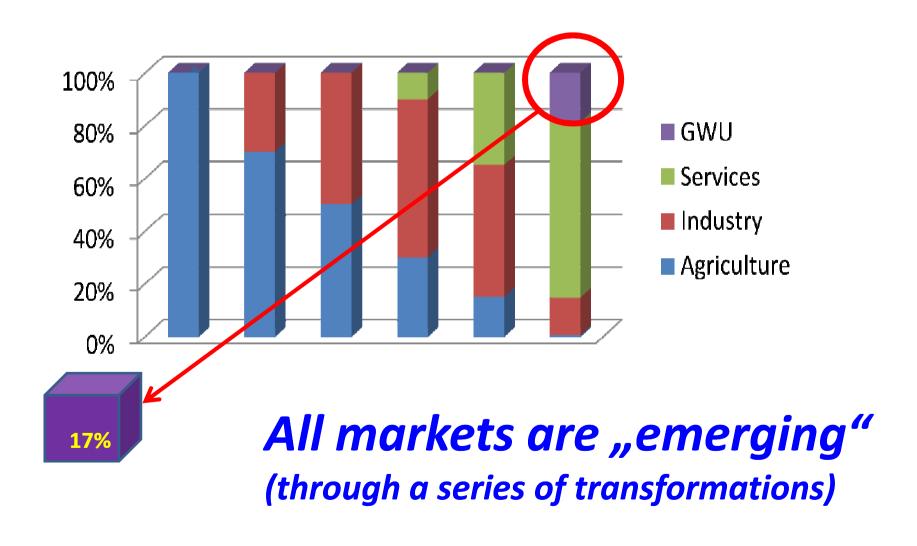
Interest rates measure value of money. There can be no true economy without the true and reliably signaling interest rates.

Autopoiesis, Panarchy and Self-Sustainability

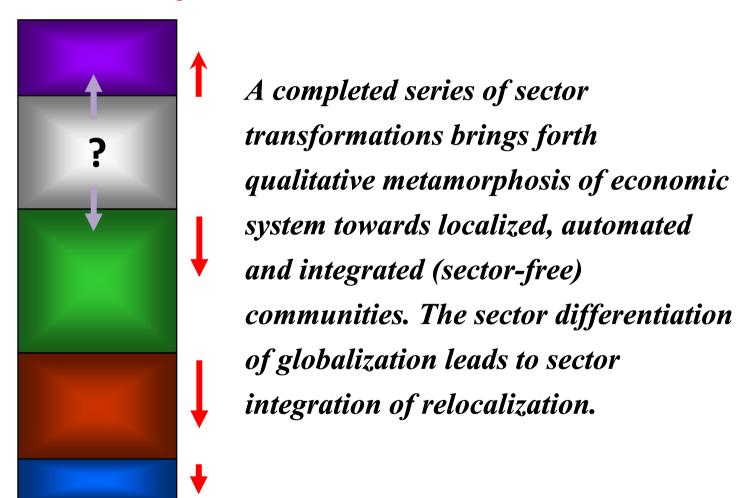
 $H/G \rightarrow A \rightarrow I \rightarrow S \rightarrow GWU$



World under Transformation



Metamorphosis Dilemma of advanced economies



Mainstream Macroeconomics?

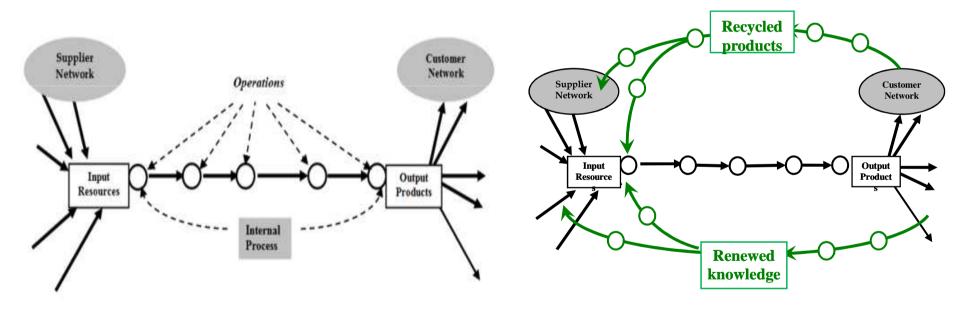
- One-sector growth model (Kuznets, 1973) predicts sustained growth in productivity and living standards
- Two-sector model: consumption and investment "sectors"
- Consumption is not disaggregated into agriculture, manufacturing and services
- Assuming the entire added value belongs to manufacturing
- Reallocation of economic activity across sectors coexists with "balanced growth"
- Labor homogeneous: can move across sectors without mobility costs
- Sector reallocation of economic activity is inefficient and calls for governmental intervention

Why? Because multiple-sector dynamics cannot be handled by neoclassical mathematics (although quite easy for modern evolutionary simulation).

Mechanism vs. Organism

Linear input-output (physics; mechanical)

Circular autonomy (biology; organic)



Key Metamorphosis Drivers (Relocalized Technologies)

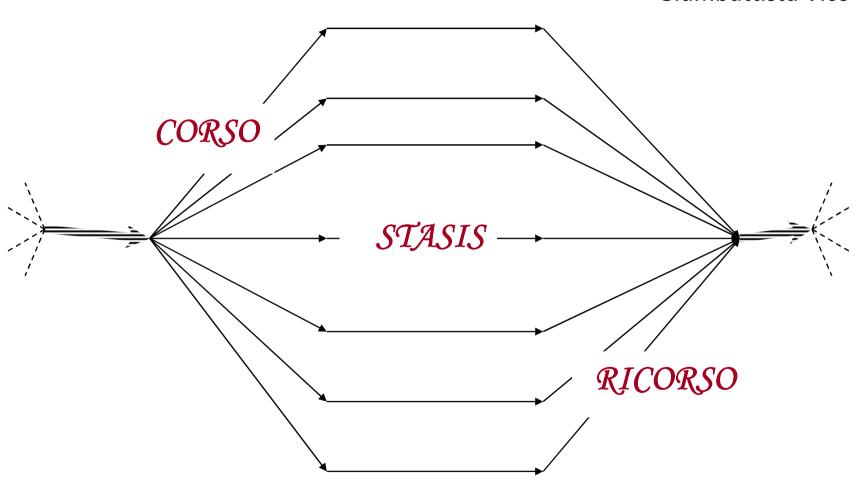
- 1. Self-Service (Outsourcing to Customer); Self-Help Empowerment
- 2. Disintermediation (Elimination of the middleman; unbundling of services)
- 3. Mass- and Self-Customization (Prosumer); massive individualization
- 4. Information to Knowledge (From Description to Action)
- 5. Reintegration of Labor, Task and Knowledge

Additional Metamorphosis Drivers

- 6. From Supply chains to Demand chains (CIP)
- 7. Digital and Virtual economy (Digital files + 3D = end of trad. industry)
- 8. High-Technology Impact (Disruptive technologies; discontinuous improvement)
- 9. Technology Support-Net Bypass
- 10. From Linear to Cyclical Organization (Waste Elimination)
- 11. Resource Substitution and Optimization
- 12. Towards Entrepreneurial University

Corsi e ricorsi storici

Giambattista Vico



Relocalization

Corso and Ricorso of socio-economic evolution

Globalization - restructuring of the initially distributed and localized world economy into spatially reorganized processes of production and consumption across the national boundaries, economies and political states on a global scale. Relocalization - restructuring global knowledge and high-technology based expansion of the local experience and local producers and consumers. Global experience and knowledge is becoming embodied in local communities.

Localization → **Globalization** → **Relocalization**

Corso: localization → globalization

Ricorso: globalization → relocalization

From Globalization to Relocalization

Traditionally, growth rate of GDP is 3,5% and int. trade is 8% (2006) - about twice as high

Last years: growth GDP > growth int. trade

(2015: Jan -1.6%, Feb -0.9 %)

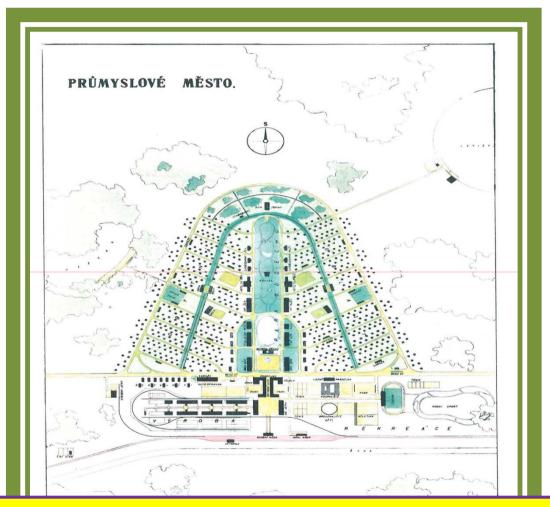
==> Deglobalization

Investment in foreign assets now falling *under* 40% (over 50% in 2008)

==> Relocalization

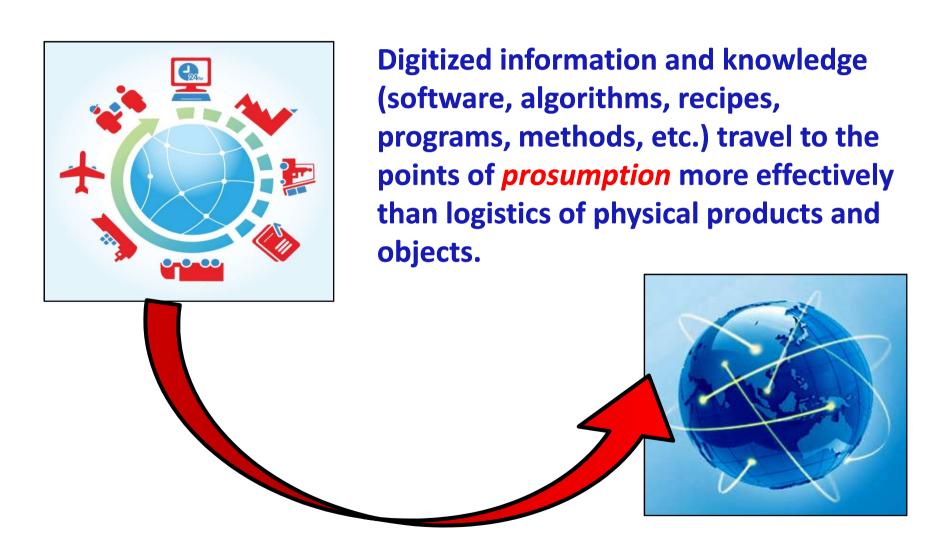
"The golden age of globalization has ended" (Beijing)

J. A. Bata's "Industrial City" (1939)



Today we would call it *Knowledge City*, with atmospheric satellite, total digitization, entrepreneurial university, custommade production, vertical farming and additive manufacturing.

At the speed of light ...



New World Strategy

- 1. Understand the phenomenon
- 2. Adapt to the circumstances
- 3. exploit new Opportunities

Sources

- 1. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transformation_in_Economics
- 2. http://www.financialsense.com/financial-sense-newshour/milan-zeleny/economy-complex-adaptive-organism
- 3. "Machine/Organism Dichotomy of Free-Market Economics: Crisis or Transformation?" *Human Systems Management*, 29(2010)4, pp. 191-204.
- 4. "Crisis or Transformation: On the *corso* and *ricorso* of human systems," Human Systems Management, 31(2012)1, pp. 49-63.
- 5. Human Systems Management: Integrating Knowledge, Management and Systems, World Scientific, 2005.